

What the National Curriculum requires in reading at Y1

Word reading

- apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words
- respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes
- read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught
- read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- read words containing taught GPCs and –s, –es, –ing, –ed, –er and –est endings
- read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs
- read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)
- read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words
- re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading.

Word reading

Comprehension

- develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:
 - listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
 - being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences
 - becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics
 - recognising and joining in with predictable phrases
 - learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart
 - discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known
- understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:
 - drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
 - checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
 - discussing the significance of the title and events
 - making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
 - predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say
- explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.

Comprehension

Key Assessment Criteria: *Being a reader*

A year 1 reader	
<p>Word reading</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can match all 40+ graphemes to their phonemes. • I can blend sounds in unfamiliar words. • I can divide words into syllables. • I can read compound words. • I can read words with contractions and understand that the apostrophe represents the missing letters. • I can read phonetically decodable words. • I can read words that end with 's, -ing, -ed, -est • I can read words which start with un-. • I can add -ing, -ed and -er to verbs. (Where no change is needed to the root word) • I can read words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs. 	<p>Comprehension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can say what I like and do not like about a text. • I can link what I have heard or read to my own experiences. • I can retell key stories orally using narrative language. • I can talk about the main characters within a well known story. • I can learn some poems and rhymes by heart. • I can use what I already know to understand texts. • I can check that my reading makes sense and go back to correct when it doesn't. • I can draw inferences from the text and/or the illustrations. (Beginning) • I can make predictions about the events in the text. • I can explain what I think a text is about.

What the National Curriculum requires in writing at Y1

Writing - transcription

- spell:
 - words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught
 - common exception words
 - the days of the week
- name the letters of the alphabet:
 - naming the letters of the alphabet in order
 - using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound
- add prefixes and suffixes:
 - using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs
 - using the prefix un–
 - using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, quicker, quickest]
- apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in Appendix 1 of the National Curriculum
- write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.

Handwriting

- sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly
- begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
- form capital letters
- form digits 0-9
- understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.

Writing - composition

- write sentences by:
 - saying out loud what they are going to write about
 - composing a sentence orally before writing it
 - sequencing sentences to form short narratives
 - re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense
- discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
- read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.

- develop their understanding of the concepts set out in Appendix 2 of the National Curriculum by:
 - leaving spaces between words
 - joining words and joining clauses using and
 - beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark
 - using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'
 - learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2
- use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.

Spelling

Handwriting

Composition

Vocabulary, grammar & punctuation

Key Assessment Criteria: *Being a writer*

A year 1 writer

Transcription

Spelling

- I can identify known phonemes in unfamiliar words.
- I can use syllables to divide words when spelling.
- I use what I know about alternative phonemes to narrow down possibilities for accurate spelling.
- I can use the spelling rule for adding 's' or 'es' for verbs in the 3rd person singular.
- I can name all the letters of the alphabet in order.
- I can use letter names to show alternative spellings of the same phoneme.

Handwriting

- I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortable and correctly.
- I can form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.
- I can form capital letters and digits 0-9.

Composition

- I can compose a sentence orally before writing it.
- I can sequence sentences in chronological order to recount and event or experience.
- I can re-read what I have written to check that it makes sense.
- I leave spaces between words.
- I know how the prefix 'un' can be added to words to change meaning.
- I can use the suffixes 's', 'es', 'ed', and 'ing' within my writing.

Grammar and punctuation

Sentence structure

- I can combine words to make a sentence.
- I can join two sentences using 'and'.

Text structure

- I can sequence sentences to form a narrative.

Punctuation

- I can separate words using finger spaces.
- I can use capital letters to start a sentence.
- I can use a full stop to end a sentence.
- I can use a question mark.
- I can use an exclamation mark.
- I can use capital letters for names.
- I can use 'I'.

What the National Curriculum requires in mathematics at Y1

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
- read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.

Number – addition and subtraction

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems

Number – multiplication and division

- solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

Number fractions

- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.

Number

Measurement

- compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
 - lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]
 - mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
 - capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
 - time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
- measure and begin to record the following:
 - lengths and heights
 - mass/weight
 - capacity and volume
 - time (hours, minutes, seconds)
- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
- recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

Measurement

Geometry – properties of shapes

- recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:
 - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
 - 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]

Geometry

Geometry – position and direction

- describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.

Key Assessment Criteria: *Being a mathematician (full version)*

A year 1 mathematician

Number and place value

- I can count to and across 100, forward and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 from any number.
- I can count in multiples of 2, 5 and 10.
- I can count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals.
- I can say what is one more or one less than any number.
- I can read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.
- I can identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most least

Calculations

- I can represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts to 20.
- I can add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero.
- I can read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition, subtraction and equals signs.
- I can solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using objects and pictorial representations.
- I can solve missing number problems.
- I can solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays.

Fractions

- I can recognise, find and name a half of an object, shape or quantity.
- I can recognise, find and name a quarter of an object, shape or quantity.

Measurement

- I can compare, describe and solve practical problems for lengths and heights; mass/weight; capacity and volume; and time.
- I can measure and begin to record lengths and heights; mass/weight; capacity and volume; and time.
- I recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.
- I can tell the time to the hour.
- I can tell the time to half past the hour.
- I can draw hands on a clock face to show these times.
- I can sequence events in chronological order using language.
- I recognise and use language relating to dates, including days, weeks, months and years

Geometry – properties of shapes

- I recognise and can name common 2D shapes (rectangles, including squares, circles and triangles).
- I recognise and can name common 3D shapes (cuboids, including cubes, pyramids and spheres).

Geometry – position and direction

- I can describe position, directions and movement, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns.